

East Side Union High School District

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District Governing Board

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Phoenix High School

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2011-12 School Accountability Report Card Published During the 2012-13 School Year

About the SARC

Every school in California is required by state law to publish a School Accountability Report Card (SARC), by February 1 of each year. The SARC contains information about the condition and performance of each California public school. All data are reported for the 2011-12 school-year, unless otherwise indicated. For more information about SARC requirements, see the California Department of Education (CDE) SARC webpage at www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/sa/. For additional information about this school, please contact the school administration at 408.347.6291.

School Description

Welcome to Phoenix High School! Phoenix High School is specifically designed to offer an alternative education experience to those students who have not been successful in other academic settings. Phoenix High School has a staff of four teachers, a secretary, and is supervised by Santa Teresa administrators who are all dedicated to meeting the needs of our students and to providing them with the opportunity to graduate on time through an intensive program utilizing core academic classes, independent studies, vocational training, and community college classes. Phoenix High School is accredited through the Western Association of Schools and Colleges (WASC).

Opportunities for Parental Involvement

At the time of the initial enrollment (orientation), a parent is required to attend a conference with the Associate Principal to discuss the expectations of all parties involved (parent, student and staff). The student's Personal Learning Plan is discussed with the student and parent to identify the specific needs that will have to be addressed in order for the student to reach his/her graduation goal, such as attending vocational training classes, night schools, and college classes. At the end of each six-week grading period, the homeroom teacher, student, and parent(s) hold a conference to discuss the student's academic progress and any other specific needs the student may have.

Student Enrollment by Grade Level				
Grade Level	Number of Students			
Gr. 11	27			
Gr. 12	68			
Total	95			

Student Enrollment by Group				
Group	Percent of Total Enrollment			
Black or African American	3.2			
American Indian or Alaska Native	0			
Asian	3.2			
Filipino	2.1			
Hispanic or Latino	74.7			
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	1.1			
White	14.7			
Two or More Races	1.1			
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	51.6			
English Learners	27.4			
Students with Disabilities	0			

Average Class Size and Class Size Distribution

A		1 Ci-			Number of Classrooms*							
Ave	erage C	lass Siz	e.	1-20			21-32			33+		
Year	10	11	12	10	11	12	10	11	12	10	11	12
English	18	25.5	26.1	4	1	0	1	5	8	0	0	0
Math	17.3	25.6	26.1	3	1	1	1	4	7	0	0	0
Science	19	26	24.4	2	0	3	1	5	6	0	0	0
SS	17.3	25.3	18.6	3	1	4	1	3	10	0	0	0

Number of classes indicates how many classrooms fall into each size category (a range of total students per classroom). At the secondary school level, this information is reported by subject area, English, Math, Science and Social Science (SS), rather than grade level.

Suspensions and Expulsions					
School 09-10 10-11 11-12					
Suspensions Rate	2.47	0	2.11		
Expulsions Rate	0	0	1.1		
District	09-10	10-11	11-12		
Suspensions Rate	16.78	11.87	15.53		
Expulsions Rate	0.15	0.14	0.1		

The rate of suspensions and expulsions is calculated by dividing the total number of incidents by the total enrollment (and multiplying by 100).

School Safety Plan

This section provides information about the school's comprehensive safety plan, including the dates on which the safety plan was last reviewed, updated, and discussed with faculty; as well as a brief description of the key elements of the plan.

The school safety plan is reviewed by the staff and the School Site Council each and every school year. Phoenix High School follows the emergency drill procedures and schedules as Santa Teresa High School, which is our host school.

The East Side Union High School District believes that providing a safe learning environment is critical to student success. The following actions have been taken to create safe schools:

- Creation of an Office of Safety to coordinate the district's multi-disciplinary team and supervise police on campus.
- Development of District and School Safety Plans containing emergency directories, action plans, responsibilities, duties and procedures for all kinds of emergencies.
- Enforcement of a closed campus. Students are not allowed to leave without permission.
- Development of Safe School Campus Initiative that includes members from the San Jose Police Department, Park/Recreation and Neighborhood Service, Probation, all Associate Principals for Administration and the District's Office of Safety. This team is prepared to mobilize in the event of a critical incident or crisis.
- Placement of off-duty San Jose police officers on each campus during the school day for added protection.
- Posting of unacceptable behaviors and consequences in each school classrooms and in the student handbooks.
- Requirement of all staff and students to wear identification badges.
- Establishment of Healthy Start/Student Support Services on campuses to provide support services to students and their families.
- Implementation of Student Attendance Review Board (SARB) to deal with truant students.
- Implementation of earthquake, fire, and lock-down drills (Code-Red) at each school.
- Development and implementation of a model critical response training program for all schools.

School Facility Conditions and Planned Improvements (School Year 2012-13)

This section provides information from the most recent Facility Inspection Tool (FIT) data (or equivalent), including:

- Description of the safety, cleanliness, and adequacy of the school facility
- Description of any planned or recently completed facility improvements
- The year and month in which the data were collected
- Description of any needed maintenance to ensure good repair

Year and month in which data were collected: October 2012

Overview

The District makes every effort to ensure that all schools are clean, safe, and functional. To assist in this effort, the district uses a facility survey instrument developed by the State of California Office of Public School Construction. The results of this survey are available at the school office and at the district office.

Cleaning Process and Schedule

The district's Board of Trustees has adopted cleaning standards for all schools in the district. The Leadership Team works daily with the custodial staff to develop cleaning schedules to ensure a clean and safe school.

Deferred Maintenance Budget

The district participates in the State School Deferred Maintenance Program, which provides state matching funds on a dollar-for-dollar basis, to assist school districts with expenditures for major repair or replacement of existing school building components. Typically, this includes roofing, plumbing, heating, air conditioning, electrical systems, interior or exterior painting, and floors systems.

Modernization Projects

Although the main school campus was constructed in 1967, portable buildings have been added to accommodate diverse program needs. Phoenix High School is located in three of those portable buildings. Phoenix students use many of the common areas of the Santa Teresa High School facilities.

Local Measure A, Measure G, and Measure E bond funds and state matching funds have been used to renovate existing facilities.

Despite its age, the school facilities are maintained in a good state of repair. The facilities are clean, safe, and adequate for providing a quality education for all students. All classrooms provide adequate space for teaching and learning. Each building also provides an office, or offices, for teachers to use during their prep periods. Exterior campus grounds feature large expanses of lawn, dotted with trees and other shrubbery. Athletic fields are adequate for physical education classes. The football field, track and stadium were renovated to a waterless turf field, rubberized track and new aluminum stands with a press box and ticket booth. At night the campus is well lit with under eave and pole lighting. Student and staff restrooms are generally in very good repair. The floors and walls of the student restrooms are tiled, as are the floors and most of the walls in the staff restrooms. Santa Teresa High School is extremely suitable as a learning environment. Lighting in all areas is adequate for instruction, and there is a suitable HVAC system in place. The fire alarm system has been refurbished with a new control panel. The theater was completely renovated and updating classrooms, teacher offices, staging, seating areas, lights, a speaker system, and restrooms added. Santa Teresa has a very good technology infrastructure.

Thanks to our community for passing the Measure- E Bond we now have the funds to build a new Multipurpose building, the modernization of the 200 building, and both of the main student restrooms. The new Multipurpose building has now been completed and it has two regular classrooms with 21st century teaching units, Smart boards and equipped with latest technology. This building has a large 5000 square foot room that will be used for Testing, college information presentations, it will be utilized by two to three classrooms to meet at one time, it will allow staff, district, parent, community, athletic teams, Cheer Leading team, and other student groups to have meetings, it will be available for banquets for school staff, clubs, athletic teams and community members. The Multipurpose building will also include additional restrooms.

School Facility Good Repair Status (School Year 2012-13)

This section provides information from the most recent Facility Inspection Tool (FIT) data (or equivalent), including:

- Determination of repair status for systems listed
- Description of any needed maintenance to ensure good repair
- The Overall Rating (bottom row)

School Facility Good Repair Status					
System langested		Repair	Status	Repair Needed and	
System Inspected	Exemplary	Good	Fair	Poor	Action Taken or Planned
Systems: Gas Leaks, Mechanical/HVAC, Sewer	[]	[X]	[]	[]	
Interior: Interior Surfaces	[]	[X]	[]	[]	
Cleanliness: Overall Cleanliness, Pest/ Vermin Infestation	[]	[X]	[]	[]	The school has a problem with squirrels. The district has hired a pest control company to help with the problem.
Electrical: Electrical	[]	[X]	[]	[]	
Restrooms/Fountains: Restrooms, Sinks/ Fountains	[]	[]	[X]	[]	Drinking fountains are repaired when needed.
Safety: Fire Safety, Hazardous Materials	[]	[X]	[]	[]	
Structural: Structural Damage, Roofs	[]	[X]	[]	[]	
External: Playground/School Grounds, Windows/ Doors/Gates/Fences	[]	[]	[X]	[]	The outside of the buildings are scheduled to be painted by the end of 2013.
Overall Rating	[]	[X]	[]	[]	

k				
Teacher Credentials				
School	09-10	10-11	11-12	
Fully Credentialed	4	4	4	
Without Full Credential	0	0	0	
Teaching Outside Subject Area	0	0	0	
Districtwide	09-10	10-11	11-12	
Fully Credentialed	*	•	935.3	
Without Full Credential	•	•	26.4	

10-11	11-12	12-13
		12-13
0	0	0
0	0	0
0	0	0
-	0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0

"Misassignments" refers to the number of positions filled by teachers who lack legal authorization to teach that grade level, subject area, student group, etc.

Professional Development

This section provides information on the number of days provided for professional development and continuous professional growth in the most recent three year period.

Professional development opportunities for staff members are multifaceted and clearly and consistently linked to the state's standards, district goals, the school's core values, and occur during the school year and summer break. Our school has a coherent, comprehensive plan for professional development that is data driven and directly linked to teaching and learning. Not only do teachers and staff participate in staff development opportunities at the school, but they also take advantage of multiple professional development opportunities at the District. In addition, many teachers take professional growth classes at local colleges and universities and attend workshops offered by the Santa Clara County Office of Education. BTSA and new teacher orientation meetings support new instructors. The school has created and successfully implemented a collaboration model for professional development. School wide and departmental meetings are held regularly so that teachers can continue to work on professional development to support school-wide efforts to align curriculum with rigorous state content standards as well as to provide instructional support for literacy and differentiation to assure the achievement of all students.

To ensure a cycle of continuous improvement, professional development is personalized to address the needs of all subject-area teachers, staff, and administrators. Not only do professional development activities for teachers reflect a best practices approach, but they also align with the California Standards for the Teaching Profession. Teachers and staff participate in professional development that is aligned with their individual fields and district plans at multiple levels. At the school level, professional development is structured to have a generalized focus (e.g., standards-based instruction), and specific facets of the professional development program (e.g., specific instructional strategies) are personalized to address the specific content area dynamics and needs. For example, in English, teachers are examining student work to ascertain effective standards-based instructional strategies, while in Physical Education, teachers are reviewing the FitnessGram data to establish effective instruction strategies for physical fitness instruction. The district also offers a multitude of professional development opportunities to broaden teachers' knowledge, enhance their classroom management skills, and augment their repertoire of best practices instructional strategies.

Core Academic Classes Taught by Highly Qualified Teachers

The Federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), also known as No Child Left Behind (NCLB), requires that core academic subjects be taught by Highly Qualified Teachers, defined as having at least a bachelor's degree, an appropriate California teaching credential, and demonstrated core academic subject area competence. For more information, see the CDE *Improving Teacher and Principal Quality* webpage at: www.cde.ca.gov/nclb/sr/tq/

Percent of Classes In Core Academic Subjects Core Academic Classes Taught by Highly Qualified Teachers					
Location of Classes	Taught by Highly Qualified Teachers	Not Taught by Highly Qualified Teachers			
This School	75.61	24.39			
Districtwide					
All Schools	96.76	3.24			
High-Poverty Schools	96.57	3.43			
Low-Poverty Schools	96.7	3.3			

High-poverty schools are defined as those schools with student eligibility of approximately 40 percent or more in the free and reduced price meals program. Low-poverty schools are those with student eligibility of approximately 25 percent or less in the free and reduced price meals program.

Academic Counselors and Other Support Staff at this School			
Number of Full-Time Equivalent (FTE)			
Academic Counselor	0		
Social/Behavioral or Career Development Counselor	0		
Library Media Teacher (Librarian)	0		
Library Media Services Staff (Paraprofessional)	0		
Psychologist	0		
Social Worker	0		
Nurse	0		
Speech/Language/Hearing Specialist	0		
Resource Specialist	0		
Other	0		
Average Number of Students per Staff Mem	ber		
Academic Counselor	N/A		

 One Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) equals one staff member working full-time; one FTE could also represent two staff members who each work 50 percent of full-time.

Expenditures Per Pupil and School Site Teacher Salaries (Fiscal Year 2010-11)						
	Expenditures Per Pupil					
Level	Total	Restricted	Unrestricted	Teacher Salary		
School Site	\$5,015	\$82	\$4,933	\$69,932		
District	•	•	\$5,234	\$77,458		
State	•	•	\$5,455	\$70,792		
Percent Diffe	erence: School S	-6.1%	-10.8%			
Percent Diffe	rence: School S	Site/ State	-10.6%	-1.2%		

Supplemental/Restricted expenditures come from money whose use is controlled by law or by a donor. Money that is designated for specific purposes by the district or governing board is not considered restricted.

Basic/Unrestricted expenditures are from money whose use, except for general guidelines, is not controlled by law or by a donor.

For detailed information on school expenditures for all districts in California, see the CDE Current Expense of Education & Per-pupil Spending webpage at www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/ec/. For information on teacher salaries for all districts in California, see the CDE Certificated Salaries & Benefits webpage at www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/cs/. To look up expenditures and salaries for a specific school district, see the Ed-Data Web site at: www.ed-data.org.

Teacher and Administrative Salaries (Fiscal Year 2010-11)					
Category	District Amount	State Average for Districts In Same Category			
Beginning Teacher Salary	\$47,104	\$42,660			
Mid-Range Teacher Salary	\$74,444	\$69,198			
Highest Teacher Salary	\$95,445	\$88,943			
Average Principal Salary (ES)					
Average Principal Salary (MS)		\$121,140			
Average Principal Salary (HS)	\$126,498	\$127,707			
Superintendent Salary	\$215,844	\$202,123			
Percent of District Budget					
Teacher Salaries	41%	36%			
Administrative Salaries	3%	5%			

For detailed information on salaries, see the CDE Certificated Salaries & Benefits webpage at www.cde.ca.gov/ds/fd/cs/.

Types of Services Funded (Fiscal Year 2011-12)

This section provides specific information about the types of programs and services available at the school that support and assists students. For example, this narrative may include information about supplemental educational services related to the school's federal Program Improvement (PI) status.

Phoenix High School runs two Supplemental Programs for its students. One program is a tutoring program for students needing extra help to pass the CAHSEE exam. Tutoring is offered in both Math and Language Arts and is conducted by teachers credentialed in those areas. The other program is an evening intervention program for those students that need additional help in their Core classes.

Quality, Currency, Availability of Textbooks and Instructional Materials (School Year 2012-13)

This section describes whether the textbooks and instructional materials used at the school are from the most recent adoption; whether there are sufficient textbooks and instruction materials for each student; and information about the school's use of any supplemental curriculum or non-adopted textbooks or instructional materials.

Year and month in which data were collected: September 2012

		Textbooks and Instructional Materials
Core Curriculum Area		Textbooks and Instructional Materials/Year of Adoption
Reading/Language Arts		English 1 – "The Language of Literature" Grade 9 McDougal Littell 2002
The textbooks listed are from most recent adoption:	Yes	English 2 – "The Language of Literature" Grade 10 McDougal Littell 2002
Percent of students lacking their own assigned textbook:	0%	
Mathematics		Algebra I – "Algebra 1" McDougall Littell 2007
The textbooks listed are from most recent adoption:	Yes	Geometry – "Geometry" McDougal Littell 2007
Percent of students lacking their own assigned textbook:	0%	
Science The textbooks listed are from most recent adoption:	Yes	Integrated Science 1 – "Spectrum Physical Approach/Science/Explorations" Holt 2001, 03, 04 Biology – "Biology: Web of Life; "Biology" Holt 1998, 99, 04 Chemistry – "Chemistry: Connections to our Changing World" Prentice-Hall 2000, 02
Percent of students lacking their own assigned textbook:	0%	
History-Social Science		US History – "The United States and It's People" Addison-Wesley 1995
The textbooks listed are from most recent adoption:	Yes	American Government – "Magruder's American Government" Prentice Hall 1997 American Government – "We the People" Center for Civic Education 2002
Percent of students lacking their own assigned textbook:	0%	Economics – "Holt Economics" Holt 2003
Foreign Language		Textbooks and Instructional Materials in use are standards aligned and officially adopted
The textbooks listed are from most recent adoption:	Yes	
Percent of students lacking their own assigned textbook:	0%	
Health		Textbooks and Instructional Materials in use are standards aligned and officially adopted
The textbooks listed are from most recent adoption:	Yes	
Percent of students lacking their own assigned textbook:	0%	
Visual and Performing Arts		Textbooks and Instructional Materials in use are standards aligned and officially adopted
The textbooks listed are from most recent adoption:	Yes	
Percent of students lacking their own assigned textbook:	0%	
Science Laboratory Equipment		Science labs are adequately equipped
The textbooks listed are from most recent adoption:		
Percent of students lacking their own assigned textbook:	0%	

<u>Note</u>: Scores are not shown when the number of students tested is ten or less, either because the number of students in this category is too small for statistical accuracy or to protect student privacy.

The Standardized Testing and Reporting (STAR) Program consists of several key components, including:

- California Standards Tests (CSTs), which include Englishlanguage arts (ELA) and mathematics (Math) in grades two through eleven; science in grades five, eight, and nine through eleven; and history-social science (H-SS) in grades eight, and nine through eleven.
- California Modified Assessment (CMA), an alternate assessment that is based on modified achievement standards in ELA for grades three through eleven; mathematics for grades three through seven, Algebra I, and Geometry; and science in grades five and eight, and Life Science in grade ten. The CMA is designed to assess those students whose disabilities preclude them from achieving grade-level proficiency on an assessment of the California content standards with or without accommodations.
- California Alternate Performance Assessment (CAPA), includes ELA and mathematics in grades two through eleven, and science for grades five, eight, and ten. The CAPA is given to those students with significant cognitive disabilities whose disabilities prevent them from taking either the CSTs with accommodations or modifications or the CMA with accommodations.

The assessments under the STAR Program show how well students are doing in relation to the state content standards. On each of these assessments, student scores are reported as performance levels.

For detailed information regarding the STAR Program results for each grade and performance level, including the Percent of Students not tested, see the CDE STAR Results Web site at star.cde.ca.gov.

	STAR Results for All Students - Three-Year Comparison								
	P	Percent of Students Scoring at Proficient or Advanced							d
Subject		School			District			State	
	09-10	10-11	11-12	09-10	10-11	11-12	09-10	10-11	11-12
ELA	10	11		48	49	50	52	54	56
Math	4			27	30	29	48	50	51
Science				46	50	52	54	57	60
H-SS	13	14		39	43	43	44	48	49

Internet Access

Internet access is available at public libraries and other locations that are publicly accessible. Access to the Internet at libraries and public locations is generally provided on a first-come, first-served basis. Other use restrictions may include the hours of operation, the length of time that a workstation may be used (depending on availability), the types of software programs available on a workstation, and the ability to print documents.

EdData Partnership Web Site

EdData is a partnership of the CDE, EdSource, and the Fiscal Crisis Management and Assistance Team (FCMAT) that provides extensive financial, demographic, and performance information about California's public kindergarten through grade twelve school districts and schools.

2012 STAR Results by Student Group					
Group	Percent of Students Scoring at Proficient or Advanced				
	ELA	Math	Science	H-SS	
All Students in the LEA	50	29	52	43	
All Student at the School					
Male					
Female					
Black or African American					
American Indian or Alaska Native					
Asian					
Filipino					
Hispanic or Latino					
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander					
White					
Two or More Races					
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged					
English Learners	, ,				
Students with Disabilities					
Students Receiving Migrant Education Services					

DataQuest

DataQuest is an online data tool located on the CDE DataQuest webpage at dq.cde.ca.gov/dataquest/ that contains additional information about this school and comparisons of the school to the district, the county, and the state. Specifically, DataQuest is a dynamic system that provides reports for accountability (e.g., state Academic Performance Index [API], federal Adequate Yearly Progress [AYP]), test data, enrollment, high school graduates, dropouts, course enrollments, staffing, and data regarding English learners.

Academic Performance Index

The Academic Performance Index (API) is an annual measure of state academic performance and progress of schools in California. API scores range from 200 to 1,000, with a statewide target of 800. For detailed information about the API, see the CDE API webpage at www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ap/.

API Growth by Student Group – Three-Year Comparison					
Crown	Actual API Change				
Group	09-10	10-11	11-12		
All Students at the School	-21	-7	-135		
Black or African American					
American Indian or Alaska Native					
Asian					
Filipino					
Hispanic or Latino					
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander					
White					
Two or More Races					
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged					
English Learners					
Students with Disabilities					

Academic Performance Index Ranks - Three-Year Comparison

This table displays the school's statewide and similar schools' API ranks. The **statewide API rank** ranges from 1 to 10. A statewide rank of 1 means that the school has an API score in the lowest ten percent of all schools in the state, while a statewide rank of 10 means that the school has an API score in the highest ten percent of all schools in the state. The **similar schools API rank** reflects how a school compares to 100 statistically matched "similar schools." A similar schools rank of 1 means that the school's academic performance is comparable to the lowest performing ten schools of the 100 similar schools, while a similar schools rank of 10 means that the school's academic performance is better than at least 90 of the 100 similar schools.

Academic Performance Index Ranks - Three-Year Comparison					
API Rank	2009	2010	2011		
Statewide	В	В	В		
Similar Schools	В	В	В		

Federal Intervention Program (School Year 2012-13)

Schools and districts receiving federal Title I funding enter Program Improvement (PI) if they do not make AYP for two consecutive years in the same content area (ELA or mathematics) or on the same indicator (API or graduation rate). After entering PI, schools and districts advance to the next level of intervention with each additional year that they do not make AYP. For detailed information about PI identification, see the CDE PI Status Determinations webpage: www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ay/tidetermine.asp.

Indicator	School	District
Program Improvement Status		In PI
First Year of Program Improvement		2004-2005
Year in Program Improvement		Year 3
Number of Schools Currently in Program In	nprovement	12
Percent of Schools Currently in Program In	nprovement	57.1

API Growth by Student Group - 2012 Growth API Comparison

This table displays, by student group, the number of students included in the API and the 2012 Growth API (API-G) at the school, district, and state level.

Group		School	District	State
All Students	Students	12	16,761	4,664,264
at the School	API-G	423	748	788
Black or	Students	2	541	313,201
African American	API-G		675	710
American Indian or	Students	0	61	31,606
Alaska Native	API-G		699	742
Asian	Students	0	5,514	404,670
	API-G		859	905
Filipino	Students	0	1,485	124,824
	API-G		803	869
Hispanic	Students	9	7,489	2,425,230
or Latino	API-G		653	740
Native Hawaiian/	Students	0	117	26,563
Pacific Islander	API-G		692	775
White	Students	1	1,353	1,221,860
	API-G		789	853
Тwo	Students	0	165	88,428
or More Races	API-G		784	849
Socioeconomically	Students	5	9,107	2,779,680
Disadvantaged	API-G		696	737
English Learners	Students	3	6,849	1,530,297
	API-G		667	716
Students	Students	0	1,554	530,935
with Disabilities	API-G		455	607

Adequate Yearly Progress

The federal ESEA requires that all schools and districts meet the following Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) criteria:

- Participation rate on the state's standards-based assessments in ELA and mathematics
- Percent proficient on the state's standards-based assessments in ELA and mathematics
- API as an additional indicator
- Graduation rate (for secondary schools)

Detailed information about AYP, can be found at the CDE Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) webpage at www.cde.ca.gov/ta/ac/ay/.

AYP Criteria	School	District
Made AYP Overall	No	No
Met Participation Rate: English-Language Arts	Yes	No
Met Participation Rate: Mathematics	Yes	Yes
Met Percent Proficient: English-Language Arts	No	No
Met Percent Proficient: Mathematics	No	No
Met API Criteria	N/A	Yes
Met Graduation Rate (if applicable)	N/A	No

Admission Requirements for California's Public Universities

University of California

Admission requirements for the University of California (UC) follow guidelines set forth in the Master Plan, which requires that the top oneeighth of the state's high school graduates, as well as those transfer students who have successfully completed specified college course work, be eligible for admission to the UC. These requirements are designed to ensure that all eligible students are adequately prepared for Universitylevel work.

For general admissions requirements, please visit the UC Admissions Information webpage at www.universityofcalifornia.edu/admissions/. (Outside source)

California State University

Eligibility for admission to the California State University (CSU) is determined by three factors:

- Specific high school courses
- Grades in specified courses and test scores
- Graduation from high school

Some campuses have higher standards for particular majors or students who live outside the local campus area. Because of the number of students who apply, a few campuses have higher standards (supplementary admission criteria) for all applicants. Most CSU campuses have local admission guarantee policies for students who graduate or transfer from high schools and colleges that are historically served by a CSU campus in that region. For admission, application, and fee information see the CSU webpage at

www.calstate.edu/admission/admission.shtml. (Outside source)

Completion of High School Graduation Requirements

This table displays, by student group, the Percent of Students who began the 2011-12 school year in grade twelve and were a part of the school's most recent graduating class, meeting all state and local graduation requirements for grade twelve completion, including having passed both the ELA and mathematics portions of the CAHSEE or received a local waiver or state exemption.

Completion of High School Graduation Requirements				
	Graduating Class of 2012			
Group	School	District	State	
All Students	64.6	85.0		
Black or African American	100	85.6		
American Indian or Alaska Native	N/A	80.0		
Asian	50	93.1		
Filipino	0	92.1		
Hispanic or Latino	75.8	76.3		
Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	0	85.7		
White	42.9	89.1		
Two or More Races	0	80.4		
Socioeconomically Disadvantaged	60	73.2		
English Learners	75	57.4		
Students with Disabilities	100	69.5		

Dropout Rate and Graduation Rate					
Indicator	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11		
Dropout Rate (1-year)	17.5	17.5	17.6		
Graduation Rate			76.85		
	District				
Dropout Rate (1-year)	5.6	17.5	17.6		
Graduation Rate	81.04	80.92	76.85		
Dropout Rate (1-year)	5.7	16.6	14.4		
Graduation Rate	78.59	80.53	76.26		

 The National Center for Education Statistics graduation rate as reported in AYP is provided in this table.

California High School Exit Examination

The California High School Exit Examination (CAHSEE) is primarily used as a graduation requirement. However, the grade ten results of this exam are also used to establish the percentages of students at three proficiency levels (not proficient, proficient, or advanced) in ELA and mathematics to compute AYP designations required by the federal ESEA, also known as NCLB. For detailed information regarding CAHSEE results, see the CDE CAHSEE Web site at cahsee.cde.ca.gov/.

CAHSEE Results for All Students - Three-Year Comparison Percent of Students Scoring at Proficient or Advanced					
Subject	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12		
English-Language Arts					
Mathematics					
	District				
English-Language Arts	55	55	54		
Mathematics	58	61	61		
English-Language Arts	54	59	56		
Mathematics	54	56	58		

Advanced Placement Courses (School Year 2011–12)				
Subject	Number of AP Courses Offered*	Percent of Students In AP Courses		
Computer Science	0			
English	0			
Fine and Performing Arts	0			
Foreign Language	0			
Mathematics	0			
Science	0			
Social Science	0			
All courses	0	0		

Where there are student course enrollments.

roficient 46	Proficient 21	Advanced 33	Not Proficient 39	Proficient 34	Advanced 27
46	21	33	39	34	27
				Image: Constraint of the second se	Image: select

Career Technical Education Participation	
Measure	CTE Program Participation
Number of pupils participating in CTE	21
Percent of pupils completing a CTE program and earning a high school diploma	19%
Percent of CTE courses sequenced/ articulated between the school/ institutions of postsecondary education	0

Courses for University of California and/or California State University		
UC/CSU Course Measure	Percent	
2011-12 Students Enrolled in Courses Required for UC/CSU Admission	81.5	
2010-11 Graduates Who Completed All Courses Required for UC/CSU Admission		

Career Technical Education Programs

This section provides information about Career Technical Education (CTE) programs including:

- Programs and classes offered that are specifically focused on career preparation and or preparation for work
- How these programs and classes are integrated with academic courses and how they support academic achievement
- How the school addresses the needs of all students in career preparation and/or preparation for work, including needs unique to defined special populations of students
- The measurable outcomes of these programs and classes, and how they are evaluated
- State the primary representative of the district's CTE advisory committee and the industries represented on the committee

Phoenix High School offers the following Career Technical Education Programs. These programs integrate core academic knowledge with technical and occupational knowledge to provide students with a pathway to postsecondary education and careers.

Central County Occupational Center (CCOC)

• Variety of afternoon courses that prepare high school students for future careers and workforce.

Work Experience